The End Came Pencefully and Without Apparent Suffering-General Seeabdown of its System the Cause-Mis Career.

WALTHAM, Mass., Sept. 1.-Gen. N. P. Banks passed away a few minutes before 8 o'clock this corning in the presence of his wife and of his daughter, Miss Maude Banks. He had been in comatose condition since 11 o'clock last night. tien. Banks's last moments were peaceful, and here was no apparent suffering. As the day began to dawn it became evident that the last ours were at hand. Little by little the respiration slackened. It was like a peaceful falling to

Con. Banks died of no organic disease. It was a general breaking down of the system which had run perfectly for nearly seventy nine years. Although Gen. Banks has been mentally failing for two years, he has been shysically vicerous almost up to the day of his death. He only took to his bed on Thursday, and was up and dressed on Wednesday of this



GENERAL N. P. BANKS.

The funeral services will be held in Asbury Temple, this city, at 2 o'clock next Tuesday afternoon, and the body will lie in state in the temple. The Rev. T. F. Fales, Paster Emeritus of thrist Church (Episcopal), will conduct the e-remony, in which he will be assisted by the Rev. H. M. Cunningham, pastor of the church, Previous to the services in Asbury Temple Tuceday there will be brief private services at the home of the deceased. Joseph F. Banks, on of Gen. Banks, arrived from New York to-day, some time after his father's death. The daughter, Mrs. Sterling, who is at Deer Isle, Mr., will not reach here until Monday.

Flags are flying at haif mast all over the city.
Bostron, Sept. 1. Gov. Greenhalge, mon receipt of the news of the death of Gen. Banks at Waltham, ordered the flags on the State House placed at half mast. He will also provide military honors for the distinguished dead,

Gen. Nathaniel Prentiss Banks was born in Waltham, Mass., on Jan. 30, 1810. He received a common school education, began his buziness career in a cotton factory, and afterward learned the trade of a machtnist. He studied diligently in his leisure hours, delivered lectures at political meetings, temperance meetings, and the like, and became editor of the local paper at Waltham. He received a place in the Custom House at Boston under the Polk Administration, and while there devoted his spare time to the study of law.

In 1840 he was elected to the Legislature of Massachusetts from his native town. He was elected Speaker of the Legislature in 1851, and again in the following year, through his strong advocacy of the coalition between the Demo-

In 1840 he was elected to the Legislature of Massachusetts from his native town. He was elected Speaker of the Legislature in 1851, and again in the following year, through his strong advocacy of the coalition between the Demotrats and the Free Soil party, which overthrew the power of the Whigs in Massachusetts. He was President of the Convention called to revise the Constitution of the State in 1853, and was elected to Congress as a result of the coalition. Withdrawing from the Democratic party in 1854 he was reflected to Congress by the Republicans and American or Know Nothing party by an overwhelming majority ever the Whig and Democratic candidate. After a contest which lasted two months he was elected Speaker of the House as the candidate of the Republican-American party combination. In November, 1857, he was elected Governor of Massachusetts and served three terms. In 1860 he succeeded Gen. George B. McClellan as President of the Hilhols Central Railroad.

When the war broke out he received a Major-General's commission and was assigned to the Potomac. His first active service was on the upper Potomac, and later in the Shenandoah Valley, where his corps of the Army of the Potomac. Sand later in the Shenandoah Valley, where his corps was victorious at Winchester on March 23, 1862. Gen. Stonewall Jackson attacked Gen. Banks's corps on May 24, and compelled him to retreat rapidly to the Potomac. Gen. Banks sought in the battle of Cedar Mountain on Aug. 9, 1802, as commander of a corps under Gen. Pope. He participated in the movement of Gen. Franz Sigel in the valley of Virginta in September, and was afterward blaced in command of the defences of Washington while secret preparations were made to send a strong force by sea to New Orieans. He commanded this expedition, and succeeded fion. H. F. Butler as commander of the Department of the Guf, with headquarters at New Orieans. In April. 1863, he captured Opelousas and in July took Port Hudson with a garrison of 6,000, thus completing the opening of the Confederat

his arm, and the expedition advanced along the south bank of the Red Riverto Sabine Cross Roads where an engagement took place with the Confederates under Gen. Richard Taylor. The Hanks expedition suffered a severe defeat and retreated to Pleasant Hill. Here they were again attacked, but they were successful and were enabled to reach Alexandria without further molestation. Here a new danger arose. The Red River began to fall after the spring freshets, and the gunboats were unable to descend because of the shoal water. They were only saved through the engineering skill of Leith-Col. Joseph Bailey. The entire expedition then retreated to the Mississippi. Gen. Banks was relieved of his command in May, 1864, and resigned his command in May, 1864, and resigned his command in May, 1872, when he took an active part in Horace Greeley's campaign for President, until 1877. From 1870 to 1888 he was United States Marshal.

Hates Marshal.

He was again elected a member of Congress in 1888, for the term beginning March 4, 1889. After serving this term he lived quietly at his home in Waltham. His mind at times showed traces of the strain of years, notably at one time a year ago when he was found wandering in the streets of Lynn exhausted and at a loss how to get home.

come, there was held in Boston a reunion cently there was held in Boston a reunion Recently there was held in Boston a reunion of the veterans who were present at the birth of the Republican party. Gen. Banks was present and occupied a seat on the platform. He was far too weak to make a speech, but at the mention of his name by the Chairman cheers rang through the hall. The old man rose to his feet and faced the throng. Cheer after cheer broke forth from the audience, themselves grown old and gray in the service of the Republican party. The General bowed his thanks for the demonstration and took his seat. It was a pathetic farewell to the party he had served so long and faithfully.

LIEUT. WILLIAM HENN DEAD. Owner of the Cutter Galates, Which Was

Beaten by the Mayllower. Losnos, Sept. 1.-Lieut. William Henn, R. N., owner of the cutter Galatea, which sailed against the Mayflower for the America's Cup in 1886, died suddenly to-day at his residence in Kildysart, Ireland. Lieut, Henn was taken ill while aboard the Galatea at Dartmouth. His condition was not regarded as serious. He grew worse gradually during the voyage back to the Irish coast, yet nobody supposed that he was in danger. Shortly after landing he died.

The Fachting World of Aug. 17, in reviewing

Lieut, Henn's career, said : "Cromwell told the artist who pointed his portrait to depict him with all his defects. To translate this into the language of the moment it means that good wine needs no bush. Lieut, Henn is much in the same position as the great Protector; his yachting career can do without sny embroidery. The mure mention of the bare details will be sufficient to demonstrate his rank

in the world of the pleasure fleet.

" Lieut, William Henn, R. N., was the eldest son of Mr. T. Rice Henn, D. L., and Recorder of Galway, of Paradise Hill, on the estuary of the Galway, of Parudiae Hill, on the estuary of the Shanton. Born in 1847, he entered the navy in 1860 as a naval cadet in Trafalgar. The crack steam frigate Galatca had him as a midehipman from 1862 until 1866, on the North American culd West Indian station, and during the American civil war. He was present at the hombardment and capture of the forts at Cupe Haytlen, and at Jamaica during the horat in the County of the forts at Cupe Haytlen, and at Jamaica during the horat in the Indian and on the coasts of Africa, Arabia, and Madagascar, taking cort in the Abyssimian warther. It from acted as transport pilot in the Hed Sea, and while cruising, in command of ships boats, captured and destroyed many Arab slave thouse in despatches. In 1872 he was respectably mentioned in despatches. In 1872 he was referred and many volunteers, and went to Africa as and in the command of an expedition organized.

by the Royal Geographical Society for the search and relief of Dr. Livingstone.

"In 1870 he built his first yacht, an open lugger-rigged whaleboat, which he sailed from Plymouth to the Shannon ground Cape Cleary, and in her made several voyages round the coast of Ireland. In 1874 he was by his own request placed on the retired list of his rank in the navy, and that year purchased the 31-ton cutter Minnie, built by Rateey. For two years and a half this little vessel was his home; in her he sailed nearly 18,000 miles, including a winter voyage to the Mediterranian, where in 1877 he won for him the Grand Prix at the International Regatta, Cannes (the forerunner of the French Mediterranean regattas).

"In 1877 he bought the 80-ton yawi Gertrude, built by Alfred Payne. His wife is as much a sailor as himself, and for seven years they lived on board, being continuously in commission except when the yacht was undergoing repairs. In that time they covered upwards of 40,000 miles, always wintering up the "Straits," and sojourning in home waters during the summer, "At the first Nice international regatta in 1879.

"At the first Nice international regatts in 1879 Gertrude secured the 'Grand Prix,' and the following day the Prince of Monaco's cup. Sub-

mer.

"At the first Nice international regardian in 1879 Certrade secured the 'Grand Prix,' and the following day the Prince of Monaco's cup. Subsequently, on two occasions, she again carried off the 'Grand Prix' at Nice and 'Prix de Monte Carlo,' besidee others at Cannes, Mentone, Genoa, Alaccio, Oran, and several ocean matches at home and abroad.

"For years he had wished to test the English type of racing yaicht against the American, and in 1884 decided to challenge for America's Cup. He gave an order to Mr. Boavor Webb to design a ninety-ton racing cutter expressly for that purpose, and the challenge was sent to the New York Yacht Club before the yacht Galatea was lauched. Sir Richard Sutton, at the same time, determined to challenge with Genesta, and the joint challenge with Genesta, and and for Gaiates they agreed to walve the six months' notice required by the deed of gift. Galatea was constructed throughout of Slemena-Martin steel by Mesars, Reid of Port Glasgow, and was the last of the big cutters built under the 17:30 rule. Her principal dimensions were: Length, L.W. L., 87 feet; length over all, 102 feet 7 inches; beam, 15 feet; draught, 14 feet; ballast (lead keel), 81 tons; sail area, Y. R. A., 8,230 square feet.

"Owing to defective casting of lead keel she did not stand up to her canvas as well as was anticipated. She was also very uniquely, experiencing many accidenta, including breaking her mast in three pieces during the Royal Uster regata. These mishaps prevented her from crossing the ocean with Genesta; but the following year, having been altered and improved, she salled for America with her owner and his wife on board, making a summer passage under her ordinary trysall) of thirty days to Marblehead, touching on ronteat the Azores, She was beaten for the cup by Masthehead, touching on ronteat the Azores, She was beaten for the surplement of the New York yacht Club: Royal Cork, Boyal Card and the connection and the passage from Sandy Hook lightche on pelicient of the New York yacht Club; Essp

county."
Lieut. Henn was a great admirer of every-thing American, and was by far the most popular Englishman who ever raced for the America's cup. After the Galaten's defeat, in 1886, he visited America every year, and was particuca's cup. After the Galatca's defeat, in 1880, he visited America every year, and was particularly enthusiastic over the fishing and hunting in Florida. Last year he had little faith in the Valkyrie's effort to win the America's Cup, and he was one of the few Englishmen who won anything on the Vigilan'i success, pocketing just \$5,000 on the result of the American boat's victory. He was a greet friend of the late Commodore Caldwell H. Cote of the Larchmont Yacht Club, and was with him this spring when he died in Florida. He helped bring the body up North, and was one of the chief mourners at his funeral. Few Englishmen were so well known or liked in this country, and his death will be mourned wherever yachting is known on this side of the Atlantic.

Obligary Notes.

Jacob F. Bamberger, senior partner of Bamberger, Blocm & Co., wholesale dry goods merbants, of 115 Worth street, this city, and Louisville, Ky., died of heart disease on Friday evenng at his home, 55 West Fifty-sixth street. He and attended to business on Friday and at 5 clock went to the Temple Emanu El, of which he was a trustee. He returned home and seemed to be in his usual spirits. At the supper table he fell back in his chair and in a few minutes expired in his son's arms. Mr. Bamberger was born sixty-one years ago in Bavaria. He came to this country at the age of thirteen He came to this country at the age of thirteen and went to Wikesbarre, Pa. Two years later he went to Louisville and began business by carrying a pack from house to house through country towns. A few years later he opened a retail dry goods store. This gave him a foundation for his next step, embarking in the jobbing business with his brother under the style of J. F. & L. Bamberger, This partnership continued from 1862 to 1865, when he went into business with his father-in-law as S. Ulimann & Co., his brother establishing the firm of Bamberger, thoun & Co. The brothers consulidated under the latter partnership in 1872. Mr. Bamberger was a member of the Chamber of Commerce and of the Harmonie Club, a trustee of the Temple Emanu-El, the United Hebrew Charities, and the Hebrew Orphan Asylum. A widow and three sons survive him.

Winfield S. Moody, for many years a mer-

Temple Emanu-El, the United Hebrew Charities, and the Hebrew Orphan Asylum. A widow and three sons survive him.

Winfield S. Moody, for many years a merchant in New York city, died at his home in Norwalk, Conn., on Thursday. He was born at Unity, N. H., on Oct. 23, 1815. In 1815 he came to New York and engaged in the tea business at 75 Bowery, where he continued until 1861, when he retired from active business. In 1865 he removed to Norwalk, where he became identified with local interests. At the reorganization of the Norwalk Mills he became President of the new company, and continued a member of the Hoard of Directors until his death. He was the President of the Fairfield County Savings Hank, a director in the National Bank of Norwalk, and for many years was Chalrman of the Board of Water Commissioners. In 1854 he married the only daughter of Amos Perkins of Unity, N. H., who with three sons survives him. Until within a few months his activity was that of a man in middle age. The interment will be in the family plot in Greenwood. Funeral services will be held at his late residence to-morrow.

John H. Besher, ex-Recorder of Bayonne, N. J., died at his home in that town yeestrilay at the age of 70. His death was the result of shock which followed the amputation of his left leg at the knee on Thursday evening. The operation was made because of blood poisoning, due to an affection of the left foot. Mr. Besher was born in the old Fifth ward of this city in 1824. At the age of 13 years he entered the comploy of Mct heanle & Moore, where work manufacturers. He purchased the business from his eraphyers twenty years later and carried it on auccessfully for about ten years, when he retired with a confortable forjune. Then he removed is Havonne, where he assisted in organizing Hayonne Lodge, No. 168, F. and A. M., of which he was the first Muster. In 1878 Judge Resher was first chasen liceorder of Hayonne, He was reelected feur times, and served lifteen years.

gears.

Get, Winsor B. French of Saratoga, has received a telegram from fiot Springs, Ark., announcing the sudden death of his brother-law, Groupe V. Shepard, at that place yesterday marning from rheumatic goot, aged 46 years, He was the eidest son of William A. Shepard of Saratoga, and Washington, D. C., and a grandson of the inte Hon, George Vail of Troy. His home was at Stockton, Md. His wife died a few months ago without lesue.

Samuel J. Kirkwood, Joya's war Governor.

Samuel J. Kirkwood, Iowa's war Governor and Secretary of the Interior in Gardeld's Cabinet, died at Iowa City yesterday afternoon.

The McKrunn Association Off for an Outlag

in the Catshills, The William J. McKenna Association, 706 strong, started on its annual outing to the Cata-kills last evening. Mr. McKenna led the prokills last evening. Mr. McKeana led the pro-cession, which paraded from the headquarters at 286 Delancer street through some of the principal east side streets, and then took cars at Bowery and trainit street for the Franklin street forty. At the Weet Shore station at Wee-hawken the members of the association took a special train of twelve cars, all decorated with American flags and bunting. The excursionists will reach Carso to-day. These committees from fourteen surrounding townships will entertain them. They are due back in New York at mid-night to-morrow.

Mgr. Sutollt to Visit Bloomfield.

The new Roman Catholic Church of the Sacred Heart, Bloomfield, N. J., will be consecrated on Sunday, Oct. 21. Mgr. Satolli has written to the Rev. J. M. Nordiello, the paster of the church, that he will take part in the ceremony. Other Catholic dignitaries have been invited. The new church was erected at a cost of \$60,000, and will be free from debt on the day of consecra-tion.

FINISHERS TO STRIKE TO-DAY. Clonkmakers to Hold Shop Mertings They May Go Ont, Too.

The neighborhood of New Irving Hall, Norfolk and Broome streets, was alive yesterday with people belonging to the East side clothing trades who wanted to know whether the finishers, who were holding a mass meeting, would carry out their intention of striking to-day. an almost unanimous vote they decided on a general strike against the task-work system to

go into effect to-day.

Should they not gain their demands for a weekly wage system in a fortnight the clothing cutters, numbering 3,000, say they will strike o support them. It is declared that the strike of the finishers will throw out of work from 1,000 to 7,000 persons of both sexes.

While the finishers were coming out of the hall the clockmakers rushed in to hold a mass meeting. They had no very definite programme. Frankel presided, and the meeting was ad dressed by M. Katz, Miss Edelstadt, Charles F. Reichers, Henry White and others.

The speeches were in reference to strengthening the organization, and it was said that the question of ordering strikes would be left to the

ing the organization, and it was said that the succession of ordering strikes would be left to the shop meetings of the various firms to be held this week. The programme was altered as to the clothing trades generally, which were to hold a massameeting at New Irving Hall this evening to vote on a general strike. They will await further developments, and they say a good deal will depend on the result of the tailors' strike in Brooklyn. It is likely now that strikes will be breaking out in single establishmenta, instead of a general strike.

A shop meeting of the cloakmakers employed by Julius Stern & Co., numbering about 400, will be held this evening at 145 Suffolk street to prepare for enforcing the demand for an increase of wages. The following shop meetings of cloak makers will be held for the same purpose: Employees of Blumenthal Brothers and Popkin & Co. numbering about 1,200, to-morrow evening at 60 den Buile Hall, 125 Rivington street; employees of Freedlander & Co., and Freedman Brathers, numbering about 1,000, at 45 Suffolk street on Tuesday evening, and employees of Myer Jonasson & Co., numbering from 1,000 to 1,500, at Golden Ruile Hall next Friday. The demands in all cases are 10 cents advance for basters, 15 cents for finishers, and 20 cents for operators.

The 1,500 members of the Brotherhood of Tailors in Williamsburgh went on strike yesterday according to programme. It was reported that stateen of the contractors had offered to compromise. A meeting to consider the matter will be held on Tuesday 498 Graham avenue,

will be held on Lucasy as a Williamaburgh.

The Clothing Contractors' Protective Association in New York, in order to head off a strike has issued a circular declaring that the trade in a bad condition and calling for a thorough reorganization.

AFTER KYRITZ & SON.

Walking Delegates Want the Firm Punished for Paying Non-union Wages,

The Board of Delegates of the United Building Trades has laid a complaint before the District Attorney stating that contractors Charles Kyritz & Son are violating chapter 622 of the Laws of 1894, which, in the form of an amendment to chapter 385 of the Laws of 1870, provides that all mechanics, workingmen, and laborers employed by contractors doing work on prevailing rate of wages in their respective

provailing stail receive not less than the prevailing rate of wages in their respective trades and callings. Assistant District Attorney Davis, in whose hands Col. Fellows has placed the matter, said yesterlay that the law was surficiently definite to secure a conviction upon the presentation of adequate evidence.

Charles Kyritz & Son are doing the painting in the Normal School building. Their men struck a short time ago because they were receiving only \$2.50 a day, while the union scale of wages for their grade of work was \$3.50. About that time Attorney-General Hancock was called upon for an interpretation of the law, which he gave on Aug. 22, to the effect that any infringement of it was a misdemeanor which subjected the violater to arrest and imprisonment on conviction, and that any citizen had the right on information and belief and without direct knowledge to ledge a complaint against any person violating it.

Now the strikers contend that as the Normal School is a public institution Kyritz & Son come under the provinces of the law, and thirty-eight of the Board of Belegates of the United Building Trades have been appointed to wait on Acting Mayor McClellan on Tuesday to demand a rigorous enforcement of the law in every department of the City Government.

HAD THE CONTRACTOR ARRESTED. Trotman Sava Steven, Made Him Work 48

Hours-To Test the Eight-hour Law. PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 1 .- C. Armory Stevens, who is a Governmental sub-contractor for the River, opposite this city, was arrested to-day upon the charge of compelling a workman to labor more than eight hours per day. The charge was brought by Alexander C. Trotman, charge was brought by Alexander C. Trotman, who said that he was kept at work by Stevens for forty-eigh hours continuously early in July. United States Commissioner Craig held Stevens in \$300 ball for a further hearing next Saturday. The act of Congress under which the sub-contractor was arrested forbids any contractor or sub-contractor of the Government from requiring or permitting any workman to continue on any public works of the United States for more than eight hours in one calendar day. Violation of this except in ease of extraordinary emergency, is punishable by \$1,000 fine or \$1x manths' imprisonment, or both. The case is the first of the kind instituted in this city.

Gompers Mistakenly Announced to Speak in Ten States.

Samuel Gompers is announced to speak torow in fifteen cities in ten States. The an-nouncements were made on the strength of invitations sent to him which the senders took it for granted would be accepted. Gompers said for granted would be accepted. Gompers said yesterday that, in order to avon' any complications, he had declined all the invitations, and for the first time in years will march in the Central Labor Union parade with Cigarmakers' Union No. 144. Gompers is a cigarmaker by trade and Vice-President of the Cigarmakers' International Union.

The clothing cutters will fine any of their members two days' pay who are found working on Labor Day.

NEWS OF THE RAILROADS. Louisville, New Albany and Chicago to Issue Equipment Bonds,

The Louisville, New Albany and Chicago Railcoad Company has issued a circular to its stocknoiders notifying them that at the annual meeting on Sept. 10 authority will be asked for the creation of \$1,000,000 equipment mortgage sinking fund 5 per cent, twenty-year bonds, to be secured by mortgage on freight cars now used but not owned by the company, which cost \$1,002,234, of which more than one-third has been paid. All passenger cars and engines have been paid for. The proposed equipment bonds will be countersigned and issued only as title to the cars is vested in the trustee, the object of

the cars is vested in the trustee, the object of the operation being to fund into a twenty-year bond the temperary obligations now existing in the form of equipment notes. The company has already arranged for the sale of the bonds sufficient to provide for all the equipment notes which have matured during the pass year, and which will accrae during the coming twelve months, and the provision of the bonds in the treasury, dedicated to the protec-tion of the notes as they shall mature hereaf-ter, gives a guarantee against the necessity of providing for the same out of income in the future.

Union Pacific to Pay Back Interest.

OMARA, Sept. 1. - President Clark, of the Inion Pacific Raticoad confirms the report that the Union Pacific receivers have decided to pay the overdue interest on the Utah, and Northern first mortgage bonds, amounting to \$154,740, and on the Utah and Southern extension bonds, amounting to \$34,370. He said to-day that the action of Judge Riner regarding the Oregon shore Line would undoubtedly meet the ap-graval of the majority of the stockholders and that the Union Pacific would probably continue to control the Short Line and the key to the situation in the Northwest. he Union Pacific receivers have decided to pay

Manhattan Hallway August Report. ALBANY, Sept. 1.-The report of the Manhatan Rathroad Company for the year ended June 30 last shows: Gross earnings from operations, \$10,153,576; operating expenses, \$5,532,040; net carnings, \$4.621,536; other income, \$311,-677; gross income, \$4.933,214; fixed charges, \$2.406,366; not income, \$2.332,647; six persent, dividend on \$30,000,000 capital store, \$1.806,000; surplus for the year, \$532,647; cash ohand, \$346,904, and profit and loss surplus, \$5.623,197. The net income for the preceding year was \$2,921,291.

Sen. Klipstrick's Baughter Engaged to

Licut. Bufferty. The engagement is announced of Miss Julia Kilpatrick to Licut. William Carroll Rafferty of the First Artillery, United States Army, Miss Klipatrick is a daughter of the late treu-Judson Klipatrick, ex-Minister of the United States to Chili. With her mother and sister she has resided at the Murray Hill Hotel since their return from thill, and has been in New York society for about four years. Liout. Rafferty is now attained at the remove Talanch.

MIQUEL AND THE KAISER

THEY DINE TOGETHER AND TALL ABOUT TAX REPORM.

Caprict and Miquel Agree on the Gov ernment Programme - "Reconciliation" Thaters Not Received at Banks - Dr. Pation of Princeton Will Preach in Bertin REDLIN, Sept. 1 .- Chancellor von Caprivi is in Carlabad and the burden of Government business has fallen upon the shoulders of Count Botho zu Eulenburg and Dr. Miquel. The Premier and the Finance Minister are confer ring with the Federal envoys now in the city concerning the work of the next Parliamentary session, and are putting out the customary feel ers to learn what can or cannot be done in the Reichstag.

Freiherr von Riedel, Bavarian envoy, had long interview with Dr. Miquel yesterday con cerning the Government's financial programme He made several suggestions as to the revision of the financial relations between the empire and the Federal States, and spoke highly of the tobacco tax bill which is to be in troduced immediately after the opening of the session. Dr. Miquel dired with the Emperor last evening and reported on the prospects of his tax reforms. He gave the assurance that Bavaria was now in complete accord with Prussia on financial questions, and that the Ministers might meet the opposition in both the Reichstag and Landtag with absolute confidence of victory. In the absence of all important political news

rumors of more trouble between Miquel and Caprivi have been set affoat. They amount to nothing. Before his departure for Carlsbad the Chancellor had long talks with Eulenburg and Miquel, and, whatever their personal feelings may have been, all three agreed fully on the principal points of the Government program The Prusian Premier explained at length his proposals to amend the laws governing the rights of association and assembly for political purposes. The Chancellor expressed his approval of the measures as far as Prussia, was concerned, although convinced that in the Reichstag a similar proposal would have little or no chance of passing. However, should the Chancellor at any time during the coming session find the Reichstag in the proper mood, he would at once ask the Deputies to apply the Pruselan bill to the whole empire.

Upon returning from his holidays, Dr. Miquel allowed a correspondent to interview him on his desira to leave the Cabinet. He said:

"I would willingly give up my official residence in Berlin to go back to Frankfort-on-the-Main. I prefer the life there. I am homesick for the city. It is not strictly necessary that is should be here to defend my financial projects. Whatever the proposals may le, I know that my Ministerial colleagues are able to appreciate them. Count von Posadowsky has foregone his holidays so as to work himself into the complex financial details of imperial finance. He is growing so proficient in handling these details that he will be prepared to meet every difficulty that may be raised in the Reichstag."

Among Miquel's present plans is one of an operation to convert the imperial 38; per cent. bonds and the Prussian 4 per cent. consols into 3 per cents. This proposal has commanded the attention of bankers and investors, from whom the initiative in the matter must come, at least nominally, as the Government will not make any direct demand for the change. Herr won Kardorff will introduce a bill in the Reichstag to provide that the new three per cents ne protected against further conversion, and Dr. Arendt will father a similar measure in the Laudiag. Councillor Gebhardt, a member of the Reichstans Board, said yesterday of the proposed operation:

"The imperial Government might perhaps hesitate to execute the conversion, in view of the slight decrease of revenue from the income tax. But, after all, it must accommodate itself to the necessities of the money market. The present abundance of money is due to the depression of lusiners in America. This depression is felt with special keenness in England and Germany. Soon the abundance of money will refet the money market in the fulness of t or no chance of passing. However, should the Chancellor at any time during the coming ses

American securities." The directors of the Reichsbank issued vester-

day a warning against the so-called reconcilia-tion thalers, which show the Emperor's head on one side and Hismarck's on the other. These coins, say the directors, are in no respect coins of the realm. They were uttered by a private concern for private profit and are not accepted by the banks.

The Rev. Dr. Patton of Princeton College will preach to-morrow in the Presin terian church in

preach to-morrow in the Presig terian church in Bernhard strasse.

A party of thirty-one American tourists arrived in Germany from Paris this week. They have passed the lest two days in Dresden, whence they will go to Nuremberg. Munich, Vienna, and Budepest.

The United States Consul says that, under the new tariff, the exports from the Berlin district to America are likely to be doubled. The change of rates has given an especially strong impulse to the export trade in paper, glassware, porcelain, furniture, and draperies.

The Transoceanie Bank has been established here under the supervision of the Deutsche Bank's directors. Herr Steinthel is the Governor.

Prince Yamashina, nephew of the Emperor of Japan, visited the Krupps in Essen on Wednesday, and yesterday he sent them a heavy order for guns. He say: that Japan has ample funds in her treasury, and does not need foreign money. She is able to carry the war to its conclusion and demonstrate the rottenness of the Chinese empire without borrowing a copper from anybody. The Prince and his suite will be entertained by the Krupps for several days.

BAD SMELLS FROM THE MUD FLATS. David Ricketts, Jr., Enjoined from Taking the Lake Water.

BARYLON, Sept. 1.- An injunction issued by Justice W. J. Gaynor of the Supreme Court was served to-day on David Ricketts, Jr., proprietor of a large whip and cane factory here, restraining him from using the water of a large lake, located between the border lines of the towns of Islip and Babylon. Woodruff Sutton of the firm of Sutton & Co., shipping merchants of 82 South street, New York, owns a country seal fronting on the pond. He is the complainant. He says in his complaint that the using of the water by the defendant has caused a portion of the bottom of the pend to remain continually hare, from which nauseous odors have arisen; that his family have been sick, and that his property has been damaged in consequence. He says he has offered to compensate Mr. Ricket's for loss of time if he would desist from using the water. The defendant will file his answer on Sept. 5, when Justice Gaynor will hear arguments in the matter. The injunction was served this afternoon and the water was immediately shut off.

Mr. Ricketts says there is the usual amount of water in the pond, and that the mud flat is the result of refuse being washed down the stream from the pond owned by Austin Corbin, which is fed by the same stream.

The Sutton residence is located in Effingham Park, E. B. Sutton, Jr., and James R. Sutton, and George S. Nicholas of New York also own country scats in the Park, Dr. A. B. Leegett and Dr. H. A. Baker, Health Officers of the towns of Islip and Babylon, and W. W. Hea-iltt, M. D., President of Babylon village, are among the witnesses for the plaintiff. fronting on the pond. He is the complainant.

JERSEY CITY'S NEW WARDS. Judge Lippincott Grants a Writ to Test

Their Constitutionality.

Judge Lippincott granted yesterday a certic rari, the effect of which will be to remove to the Supreme Court, on a question of constitu-tionality, the new law abolishing the old Ablermanic and Assembly districts in Jersey City and setting up wards in their places. The application was made by ex-Senator William D. Edwards on Aug. I, but was not granted at that time because the Commissioners appointed under the act had already begun their labors, and Judge Lippincott sald the delay might prevent their completing and filing their maps within sixly days, as the law required. These maps have not been filed. They make twelve wards in place of six districts.

Judge Lippincott, in granting the writ, said the questions involved were important, and he would make the writ returnable on sept. 15, in order that the matter might be decided before the November election. The validity of the acts of the Commissioners is also called in question, and upon this matter testimony will be taken on Sept. 10. and setting up wards in their places. The ap-

Director Murphy Arrested for Faking Bribes.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 1.—Director John R. Murphy of the Department of Public Safety of Allegheny was arrested this afternoon upon charges tantamount to misdemeanor in office made by B. E. Gould, editor of a reform newsmade by B. E. Gould, editor of a reform news-paper in Allegheny. In the information before the Alderman Gould charges that Director Murphy accepted money from gamblers, diarep-utable women, and proprietors of speak easies and compelled his sub-reimates to fasily the records for the purpose of protecting violators of the law. Director hurphy gave 5000 ball be-fore Magistrate McKelvey for a hearing on Mon-day. Whan spoken to about the matter this ac-termina. Director Murphy declared it to be all beach as will be seen at the hardon. G. G. CLUB'S PROGRAMME.

Working Politicians Complain that They are Used and Then Slighted,

There are some among the leaders of the nuserous anti-Tammany political organizations which have sprung into existence during the past nine months who are not entirely satisfied with the way the Good Government clubs are trying to run the municipal campaign against the Wigwam after the practical politicians among the opponents of Tammany have organized the veters. All of them, even to the representative of that lonesome aggregation knownas the Chadwick Civic Club, have been wel-

sentative of that lonesume aggregation known as the Chadwick Civic Club, have been welcomed by the enthusiastic amateur politicians of the Good Government clubs to take part in an open conference at the Coleman House on Tuesday night for the purpose of discussing a plan of campaign.

The discussion of the relative merits or strength of candidates, however, is to be expressly barred at this meeting. That is to be reserved for the other Good Government Club conference to be held in the Concert Hall of the Madison Square Garden on Thursday evening, at which admission will be only by eard. Many of the men who are considered good enough to discuss measures at the Coleman House meeting have not received cards to this meeting, where candidates are to be discussed, although their greatest interest centres in the selection of certain individuals for places on the ticket.

Of course it is said that the last named conference is independent of the Good Government Club's movement, but the character of the men on the Orr-Schwab committee who called it and the fact that meet of them are members of the City Ciub leads the practical politicians who work among the people to believe that the amateurs and the weelthy men among the municipal reformers are combining to profit by their hard work without consulting with them as to the manner of dividing the species.

It was announced yesterday that the Committee of Thirty-four had been increased by one through the addition thereto of J. Pierpont Morgan, another Republican.

POLITICS LIVELY IN THE "FIRST.

A Brenk in "Soldier" Flynn's Supremacy,

and Other Contests Are On The First Assembly district is larger now than t has ever been before, including not merely e whole west side of town up to Canal street, and the east side of the city up to Spruce street, but also the strongly Democratic and thickly populated region between Canal and Spring streets and Broadway and the North River. The Tammany leader in the First district, Col. Murphy, has been prominent in its politics for nearly thirty years, since, in fact, he returned from the war. He was first elected to the Assembly in 1896, and is rounding out his thirty years of activity in serving as an Excise Commissioner. The present representatives of the district, both Tammany men, are J. H. G. Vehslage in the Assembly, and Cornelus Flynn in the Aldermen.

Flynn has a political pedigree almost as long as Murphy, having been elected a Coroner in 1807 and continued active in First ward politics ever since. He has been an Alderman, with one break only, since 1886. This year "Soldier" Flynn is a candidate for reflection, but is no longer in favor with Tammany, for the reason that it is claimed that he is no longer a resident of the district, though he appears in the official directory of municipal public servants as resident of the district, though he appears in the official directory of municipal public servants as residing at 7 Broadway.

A man named as a likely candidate to succeed Flynn for the Tammany nomination is Jeremiah O'Connor, who was Col. Murphy's first licutenant in the First ward when Murphy was a County Democrat. The most probable candidate for Assemblyman on the Tammany ticket is Patrick W. Divers, a saloon man on Hudson street, in the upper part of the First Assembly. The Republicans, who do not amount to rauch in the First, have recently been enjoying the luxury of a contest between the Lawrence and Healy factions, and the various anti-Tammany organizations have, all of them, representatives in the First. thirty years, since, in fact, he returned from the

GEN. HARRISON'S PLANS. Will Not Speak in West Virginia, but May

Speak Here for Morton. Ex-President Harrison, who is staying at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, said yesterday that it is his intention to leave for home to-morrow night. He will go by the way of West Virginia for the purpose of accompanying his daughter, Mrs. McKee, who will visit the family of ex-Secretary

of War Stephen B. Elkins. The fact that the ex-President was going to West Virginia started a rumor that he would make a speech at the Republican Convention in Martinsburg next Wednesday, at which the opponent of Prof. William L. Wilson in the race opposent of Pot. Main L. Misson the race for Congress will be chosen. Mr. Harrison said that this rumor was baseless, and that he had no intention of attending, the Convention. Asked whether he thought ex-secretary Elkins would be the kepublican candidate against Prof. Wisson, he said that he did not understand that Mr. Elkins was looking for the nomination. The only active candidates he knew o he said, are ex-United States Internal Revenu Collector Mason and ex-United States Distric

Atterney Sturgis.

Gen. Harrison was asked whether he would come to this State and make speeches for Mr. Morton in case he should be nominated for Governor.

"It is my intention to be in New York in October," he replied, "but I do not know whether I shall make any speeches, although I can say that my relations with Mr. Morton have been most pleasant and cordial. I expect to make one or two speeches in Indiana."

Young Alderman McGarry Chosen the

By the vote of 23 of the 27 delegates to the regular Democratic General Committee of Kings county from the Tenth ward, Alderman John J McGarry has been selected as the ward leader McGarry has been selected as the ward leader in place of his father, James McGarry, who died recently. Aiderman McGarry is personally pop-ular, and, like his father, is a political hustler. He has made a good impression as a member of the Board of Aldermer. Assemblyman Hen-nessey will be his chief licutenant in the poin-ical management of the ward. Both young men will defer to the wishes of Charity Commissioner Charles J. Hanigan all important matters.

Candidates for Congress Fight. Edward C. Veimeister, a law student and Secretary of the Citizens' Union of the Fifteenth and Seventeenth wards in Brooklyn, got a warrant issued yesterday morning in Wifliamsburgh for the arrest of Robert Griffith, Vice-President of the same association. He says Griffith asof the same association. He says Griffith as-saulted him. Griffith is a candidate for Con-gress in the Sixth district. At a meeting held last week in the Long Island City Hall to dis-cuss the Newtown Creek nuisances Vermeister made such a rousing speech that his name has been mentioned as a candidate for Congress. Both men met on Thursday evening at Manhat-tan avenue and Eagle street, and blows were ex-changed.

O'Brienites Figuring.

The James O'Brien Anti-Tammany Democ racy, at their headquarters in the St. Cloud Hotel, announced last night that their organtration has an enrollment of 23,744, and that tration has an enrollment of 23,744, and that they are fully organized in every Assembly district of the city except the Seventh.

The antis say they have made great inroads into the ranks of the New York State Democracy, especially in the Eighth Assembly district, where recently ex-Aiderman, Jackine was successful in getting a club of sixty cuckoos to transfer their allegiance from ex-Secretary Fairchild to ex-Sheriff O'Brieu.

Steuben County Instructs for Fassett. BATH, N. Y., Sept. 1. The Republican Convention of the First district or Steuben county was held this afternoon, and W. W. Babcock of Plattsburg was renominated for the Assembly, J. P. Parkhurst of Bath, W. W. Capron of Wayland, E. W. Bozzari of Avora, W. W. Babrock of Prattsburg, and Monroe Wheeler of Hammonds-nort were elected delegates to the State Conven-tion. They were instructed to vote for the nomination of J. Stont Fassett for Governor, That congress delegates were instructed to vote for Charles Gillett of Addition.

Instructed for Morton.

POUGHREPHIL, Sept. L. After a lively contest the Second Assembly district of Dutchess sends the following delegates to the State Con-cention: Lewis H. Vall. Archibald Rogers, Milton A. Fowler, H. T. Gookingham, Martin Heermane, and Silas Wodell. They are in-structed to vote for Levi P. Mortan for Gov-

ROCHESTER, Sept. 1 .- John M. Campbell, a local labor leader, was nominated for Congress this afternoon by the Socialists of Monroe county. In a speech accepting the nomination he said that the income tax provided for by the Democratic Congress was a bait cast upon the political waters to catch the Populistic min.

Eric County Instructs for Hoberta. BUTTALO, Sept. 1. - Republican conventions

were held in the Eric county Assembly districts to-day and delegates to the State Convention elected and instructed to support James A. Roberts for tinvernor. Resolutions were adopt-ed by the First and Second District Convention in favor of enlarging the Eric Canal.

Named for Congress. Fourth Texas District - David B. Culberson. Demo-

Thirtrenth Himouri District-John H. Baney. Be-

ASSOCIATED PRESS "NEWS," Discovery of an Adlrondack Peak High Than Any of the Rockles,

ALBANY, Sept. 1 .- Certain New York papers, hich are forced to rely for their news upon the Chicago organization styling itself the "Assoclated Press," startled their readers this morn ing by announcing some remarkable generably cal discoveries. Under such headlines as pioration Extraordinary," "Here's a Discovery!" "An Adirondrek Mountain Higher Than Any in the Rockies," &c., &c., they printed the following:

Sanawac Lage, N. Y., Aug. 31.-Ex-State Engineer Coivin makes the important announcement that lost week he, in company with speaker Matty, Assembly-man Stevens, and others, discovered two new Adron-dack lakes, and he states further that a mountain was climbed of greater altitude than any of the Rockies. Mount Marcy has hitherto been supposed to be the highest Adirondack peak, while Black Mountain .in North Carolina, was said to have the greatest allitude

The Hop. Verplanck Colvin, who is described in the foregoing as "ex-State Engineer," but who is actually Superintendent of the State Adirondack Survey, effectively disposed of the absurd statements contained in the despatch by making the following statement to-day to a representative of the United Press: "It is not true that any new lakes or high

mountains, such as are mentioned in the Saranac Lake item, have been discovered. Legislative Committee on Public Lands, appointed by the last Assembly, have made a personal examination of the State lands in the heart of the Adirondack Mountains. The committee—Measrs. Stevens, Prescott, Keck, Dennison, Melody, Kernochan, and others—were accompanied by Speaker Malby of the State Assembly. I directed the movements of the party while in the woods, and led them through the forest to the head waters of the Au Sable River, at the famous Indian Pass. The party next climbed Wallface Mountain, and, cutting loose from the trails, traversed the wilderness, over pathless mountains, and camped under the shelter of the balsam trees. Beer paths and tracks were plentiful, and some deer were seen, but not shot at, the party giving attention only to the forest, which, in this Alpine district, the committee believes, should never be cut or destroyed. The party reached a lake which is but little known, being located on the summit of Wallface Mountain. The lake was a beautiful spring, forming one of the sources of the Au Sable River. This lake had not been visited by me for some years. No new lakes or unknown or high mountaina, such as have been mentioned in a despatch from Saranac Lake under date of Aug. 31, were found. Subsequently the committee examined the forest from the summit of Wallface Mountain, and traversed large tracts of the State forest. At meetings of the committee important resolutions were adopted with a view of future legislation for the preservation of the State forests. The committee will meet in Albany soon to prepare its report. sonal examination of the State lands in the heart of the Adirondack Mountains. The comsoon to prepare its report

SCHMIT'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Almost Crushed to Death by a Hoboken Ferry boat,

Frederick Schmit, 32 years old, a smelter, who lives at 15 Greenwich street, had his foot badly bruised at the Red Star pier 15, North River, esterday morning. The pier is next to the Hoboken ferry slips at the foot of Barclay street. There is a distance of about four feet between the stringpiece of the Red Star pier and the like those in general use in all ferry slips, is made to give way when the ferryboat strikes it in making a landing.
About 9 o'clock Schmit went out on the pier

about two hundred feet and jumped down on a cross beam between the pier and the ferry wall. 'nmindful of his danger, he took off his clothing and began to wash himself. Meanwhile the double-deck ferryboat Bremen had left Hoboken and was nearing the New York side. She steered for the lower stip, and the strong tide carried her against the bulkhead near where Schmit was. The man could be seen by the passengers on the upper deck, who crowded to the starboard side expecting to see the man's life crushed out when the bulkhead should give way to the impact of the boat.

Before Schmit realized hisdanger, the Bremen struck the wall, crushing the man's left foot between the piles. The next moment the forry-boat rebounded from the wall, releasing Schmit's foot, and causing him to fall apparently lifeless into the water. Foliceman John Meagher of the Steamboat squad ran out on the pier, jumped on a cross-beam, and reaching over pulled Schmit to the dock by the nape of the neck. The man was unconscious and was taken to the Chambers Street Hospital. The passengers on the Bremen who witnessed the rescue cheered Meagher loudly. while the double-deck ferryboat Bremen had

CHETENNE, Wy., Sept. 1.- Lieut, Donovan o the Seventeenth Infantry, U. S. A., proposes to demonstrate to the War Department the efficacy of the bicycle on a long march. The Lieutenant will leave Fort Russell, near Cheyenne, at 6 A. M. on Monday, intending to ride the 520 miles from Fort Russell to Fort Oma ha in six days. He will carry the naval equipment of the sendier in the field, including three days rations and thirty rounds of ammunition, making in all seventy-five pounds of luggage. Lieut. Donovan is a hardy road rider, and his superior officers anticipate that he will make a record.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

BUNIATURE ALMANAC THIS DAY Sun rises. .. 528 Sun sets. .. 631 Moon sets... 753 HIGH WATER—THIS DAY. Sandy Hook 9 18 Gov. Island. 9 40 | Hell Gate. 11 19

Arrived - SATURDAY, Sept. 1. Se Paris, Bandle, Southampton, as City of Reme, Young, Moville, Se Veendam, Vander Zee, Rotterdam, Se Zanndam, Publ. Amsterdam, Se Zanndam, Publ. Amsterdam, Se Bannoon, Craig, Mayaguer, Se Belgentand, Eneff, Antwerp, Actioningh, Adair, Manzonlia, Ship Coringa, Davidson, Liverpool.

(For later arrivals see First Page.) ARRIVED OUT.

84 P. Caiand, from New York, at Amsterdam. Es Augusta Victoria, from New York, at Humburg. Sa Alsatia, from New York, at Olbara. Se Wittekind, from New York, at Queenatown. SIGHTED. Ss Othello, from Antwerp for New York, passed the

Litard. So La Touraine, from New York for Havre, passed the Litard. Se Rotterdam, from Botterdam for New York, Se Blabeburg, from Southampton for New York, Se Tolisto, from Shields for New York, Se Bleka, from St. Lucia for New York, talla, from Stranka, from Yew York, ate of NewYorks, from thangor for New York, outschland, from Bremen for New York,

SAILED FROM DOMESTIC PORTS Comat, from Galveston for New York. Shawmut, from Galveston for New York.

OUTGOING STEAMHIPS. Sail Tuesday, Sept. 4. Mails Close. loravia, Hamburg, Seminote, Charleston Ity of Birmingham, Savan-nah 6:00 A. M. B:00 P. M Sail Wednesday, Sept. 8. City of Washington, Havana, 100 P. M. Majestic, Liverpard 6 30 A. M. Paris, Southampton 8 00 A. M. Paris, Southampton 8 00 A. M. Poutabelle, Windward laines, 100 P. M. ands. 1:00 P. M. ENCOMENG STRAMSHIPS

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St. Thomas
New tyricans
Port Limon
Due Wednesdoy, Sept. 5. Liverpool London St. Lucia Hamburg urania. Due Thursday, Sept. 6. Edam Leibnitz Norwegian Mobicau Due Priday, Sept. 7

A Card.

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He Thought He Saw a Chance of Getting Paid in Mr. Crouch's Suit for Damages Lewis S. Chase has had a claim for \$74,23 pending since 1886 against Leslie H. Crouch, a real estate dealer, who does business at 225 West 125th street and lives at 259 West 128th street. Mr. Crouch has been having a great deal of trouble of late, and he has been making trouble for other people. Last Saturday he began an action against Addison Hoyt for

20,000 damages for allegating the affections of

\$20,000 damages for alienating the affections of his wife. Mr. Hoyt was arrested, and, being unable to furnish a bond, was sent to Ludlow street jalt. He is there yet.

Mr. Chase read in the newspapers about Mr. Crouch's suit and thought he saw a chance of collecting his claim. On Friday his attorney, Edwin R. Leavitt, went before Chief Justice Ehrlich of the City Court and presented many documents telling all about Mr. Chase's claim. The papers said that Crouch on Dec. 1, 1887, in supplementary proceedings swore that he had no property, and then alleged that it is plaintiff a belief that Crouch "has property consisting of a claim of \$20,000 against Addison Hoyt for the alienation of his wife's affections." Lawyer Leavitt therefore asked for an examination of the defendant.

Justice Ehrlich set the examination down for 10 o'clock yesterday morning. Mr. Crouch was there with his attorney, but neither Mr. Chase nor his attorney showed up. Mr. Crouch, therefore, took a default and went away smiling.

FELL FORTY FEET.

Mrs. Robits Leaped from a Third Story Window White Insane.

Mrs. Henry Rohlfs of 8 Wayne street, Jerse City, who has recently been subject to attacks of temporary insanity, awoke at 3 o'clock yesterday morning and asked the nurse to bring her a glass of water. She seemed to be rational,

her a glass of water. She seemed to be rational, and the nurse went to the adjoining room to get the water. While she was there she heard a window opened in Mrs. Rohlf's room amiran back to ascertain the cause.

Mrs. Rohlf's was missing, and on looking out the open window she saw Mrs. Rohlf's on the sidewalk forty feet below. She summoned Mr. Rohlf's, who found his wife unconscious, with one leg and one arm broken. A passing policeman called an ambulance and Mrs. Roulf's was taken to the City Hospital, where the physicians said there was but little hope for her recovery.

Business Rotices.

All lovers of the delicacies of the table noo Gentlemen's Hats, fall styles for 1894, just saied by ESPENSCHED, 118 Nassau et.

BAMBERGER.-Suddenly, on Friday evening. Aug. 31, at his late residence, 35 West 58th st., Jacob F. Bamberger, beloved husband of Pauline Bamberger, in the 60d year of his age. Feneral on Monday, Sept. 3, at 1939 A. M., from

Temple Emanu-El, 5th av. and 43d st. MY LURE, At Seratoga, N. Y., on Friday, Aug. 81, 1864, David, Jr., eldest son of David and Katherine F. McCiure of New York city, aged 17 years. High mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Peter's Roman Catholic Church, Saratoga, on Mon-day, Sept. 3, at 7:30 o'clock A. M. Funeral private.

IVES, -At Danbury, Conn., Sept. 1, 1894, Howard Merritt Ives, in the 35th year of his age Tuesday, Sept. 4. at 1:30 o'clock.

Norwalk, Conn., Winfield S. Moody, in the 79th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, Norwalk, on Monday, tept. 3, at 3 o'clock. Carriages will walk at South Norwalk for train leaving Grand Central station at 11 o'clock. Interment in Greenwood at

the convenience of the family. It is requested that Pond, son of the late Charles F. and Harriet Pond, aged 57 years.

eral services from his residence, Prospect av., Monday afternoon, Sept. 3, at 2 o'clock. A .- KENSICO CEMETERY, Hartem Railroad, 48 at., minutes from Grand Central Depot; new private atation at entrance. Office, 16 East 45st st. Telephone call, 556 38th.

Religious Rotices.

M RS. HELEN T. BRIGHAM will speak before the Ethical Society, Spiritualists, Knickerbocker Con-servatory, 44 West 14th st., 11 A.M. 7-15 ovening subject, Reunion, Mew Publications.

THE North **American**

THE LORD CHIEF JUSTICE of ENGLAND On his Predecessor, Lord Coloridge SENATOR LODGE On the Heaults of Democratic Victory W. H. MALLOCK
On the horizontal Poverty.

On the significance of Rodern Feverty, CHINA AND JAPAN IN KOREA, S. mposium by Hom. A. HEARD, late U. S. Minister to Kurra, D. W. STAYENS, Conti-cetor of Japanese Legalou; and Howard Mantin, Exister's of Legalous at Feshio REAR-ADMIRAL CROSSY, U.S.N., THE REV. DR. W. G. BLAIKIE,
The Peasantry of Scotland.

RICHARD MANSFIELD, Concerning Acting. H. B. MAXIM. ent of Aerial Navigation. MARK TWAIN.

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